ATTACHMENT 1

Procedures for assessment and accreditation of primary medical programs - Updated March 2024 for consultation

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1. Management of the accreditation process

1.1 The Australian Medical Council (AMC)

The AMC is a national standards and assessment body for medicine. Its purpose is to ensure that standards of education, training and assessment of the medical profession promote and protect the health of the Australian community.

The AMC is a company limited by guarantee. Its objects and membership are defined in its Constitution. The AMC Directors manage the business of the Australian Medical Council.

1.2 AMC Medical School Accreditation Committee

The Medical School Accreditation Committee reports to AMC Directors. It performs functions in connection with the standards of medical education and training, specifically primary medical education.

The Medical School Accreditation Committee:

- (i) develops, monitors and reviews standards and procedures relating to the accreditation of medical programs and the assessment of programs and their education providers¹.
- (ii) oversees the AMC's accreditation activities for primary medical programs
- (iii) supports improvement in medical education in Australia and New Zealand.

The Committee includes members appointed after consultation with the Australian Medical Students' Association; the Confederation of Postgraduate Medical Education Councils; the Council of Presidents of Medical Colleges; the Medical Council of New Zealand; and Medical Deans Australia and New Zealand. The Committee also includes members from related AMC committees, a member with background in and knowledge of health consumer issues and two positions, established to enhance the contribution of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander and Māori peoples to the AMC's accreditation processes.

1.3 AMC assessment teams

The Medical School Accreditation Committee constitutes an assessment team to assess each education provider and its medical program. Teams report to the Medical School Accreditation Committee. They work within the policy and guidelines of the AMC.

Teams are responsible for:

- assessing the program of study and the education provider against the approved accreditation standards, and the education provider's own goals and objectives
- with the education provider, developing an accreditation program appropriate to the provider's structure, size, range of activities, and medical program

¹ The *National Health Practitioner Regulation Law Act 2009* uses the term *education provider* to cover organisations that may be accredited to provide education and training for a health profession. The term encompasses universities; tertiary education institutions, or other institutions or organisations that provide vocational training; or specialist medical colleges or other health profession colleges. For consistency, the AMC uses the terminology of the National Law in its standards and guidelines.

• preparing an accreditation report that assesses the program and the provider against the accreditation standards.

Observers are permitted on AMC assessments, subject to the approval of the academic head of the medical education provider and of the chair of the AMC team. The AMC's expectations of observers are described in separate statements.

1.4 AMC secretariat

The AMC conducts the assessment of medical programs using these procedures and the approved accreditation standards.

AMC staff implement the accreditation process. Their roles include managing the accreditation work program; implementing AMC policy and procedures; supporting AMC accreditation committees, working parties and teams; and consulting and advising stakeholder groups on accreditation policy and procedures and the assessment of individual programs.

The AMC asks institutions undergoing accreditation to correspond with the staff and *not* directly with AMC committees and team members.

AMC staff will provide as much assistance and advice as possible on the assessment process but institutions are solely responsible for their preparation for accreditation.

Interpretation of AMC policy and processes is the responsibility of the relevant accreditation committee.

1.5 AMC advisory groups

There are circumstances where education providers require additional advice on AMC accreditation requirements. In these circumstances, with the agreement of the education provider, the accreditation committee may establish an advisory group.

The advisory group works with the education provider to clarify the requirements that must be satisfied.

The advisory group does not:

- give detailed advice on curriculum development, planning or delivery; it is expected
 that the education provider will engage appropriate staff or consultants if such
 expertise is required
- contribute to writing the provider's curriculum documentation or submissions to the AMC
- make a recommendation on accreditation to the AMC.

The advisory group determines the frequency and means of contact with the education provider.

The advisory group is required to keep the relevant AMC accreditation committee informed of any plans for meetings or site visits.

The education provider pays the direct cost of the work of the advisory group.

2. The conduct of the accreditation process

2.1 Legislative framework

The AMC has been appointed to conduct accreditation functions under the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law* (the National Law).

This set of procedures relates to the following AMC accreditation functions:

- to improve health through advancing the quality and delivery of medical education and training associated with the provision of health services in Australia and New Zealand
- to act as an external accreditation entity for the purposes of the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law*
- to develop accreditation standards, policies and procedures for primary medical education programs based predominantly in Australia and New Zealand
- to assess education providers and programs of study based predominantly in Australia and New Zealand leading to general medical registration of the graduates of those programs in Australia to determine whether they meet the approved accreditation standards.

The approved accreditation standards for the accreditation assessments covered by these procedures are available on the <u>AMC website here.</u>

When the AMC assesses a program of study and the education provider against the approved accreditation standards and decides to grant accreditation, the AMC provides its accreditation report to the Medical Board of Australia. The Board makes a decision to approve or refuse the accredited program of study as providing a qualification for the purposes of registration to practise medicine.

2.2 Purpose of AMC accreditation

The purpose of AMC accreditation is to recognise medical programs that produce graduates competent to practise safely and effectively under supervision as interns in Australia and New Zealand, and with an appropriate foundation for lifelong learning and for further training in any branch of medicine.

In Australia, accreditation based on a process of regular review by an independent accreditation authority has been chosen as the means of quality assurance of the phases of medical education.

A system of accreditation of medical programs and their education providers is perceived to have the following advantages:

- (i) Periodic external assessment provides a stimulus for the organisation being accredited to review and to assess its own programs. The collegiate nature of accreditation should facilitate discussion and interaction with colleagues to benefit from their experience.
- (ii) The accreditation process respects the autonomy of the education provider, and acknowledges the expertise in and achievements of the education provider and its programs.
- (iii) Accreditation provides external validation of the high standards of Australian medical programs.

- (iv) The accreditation process supports and fosters educational initiatives.
- (v) The accreditation report assists the education provider by drawing attention both to weaknesses of the education program and its strengths.
- (vi) Accreditation, as a quality assurance mechanism, benefits prospective students, employers of the graduates of programs and, ultimately, healthcare consumers.

Diversity of approach is one of the strengths of medical training and education in Australia. The AMC accreditation process supports diversity, innovation and evolution in approaches to medical education. It follows that the AMC does not prescribe the detailed curricula, core subjects or topics, or educational methods required to deliver the curriculum.

2.3 Scope of AMC accreditations

The AMC accredits medical programs in Australia as a function of the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law*. It accredits programs offered in Australia and New Zealand in collaboration with the Medical Council of New Zealand.

The AMC accredits only complete medical programs that result in the award of an academic qualification of an education provider located predominantly in Australia or New Zealand. Accreditation is awarded to the specific medical program, identified by its degree title. By 'complete medical program', the AMC means that the education provider awarding the qualification is responsible for delivery of the entire program to the accreditation standards.

The AMC assesses programs offered jointly by two or more education providers which result in the award of a qualification by more than one provider as one program, but it accredits all the institutions which award a qualification for the program.

The AMC does not grant separate accreditation to branch campuses or clinical schools unless the programs at the campuses or schools result in distinct qualifications, and the delivery and management of the programs differs from campus to campus or school to school.

The AMC does not separately accredit distinct streams (e.g. a graduate-entry stream) within an educational program. The AMC regards the introduction of such streams as a material change to the accredited medical program (see section 3.2.2), and it will assess the plans for such programs before they are implemented. The accreditation awarded following a successful assessment will relate to the whole medical program, not just to the separate stream.

All AMC accreditations are based on the education provider demonstrating that the provider and its medical program(s) meet or substantially meet the approved accreditation standards.

2.4 Timing of accreditations

AMC accreditation entails a cyclical program of review of programs of study, and the AMC work program for any year is determined in part by the requirement to assess those programs whose accreditation expires in that year. AMC staff negotiate dates for these assessments first. The AMC fits assessment of new developments, such as new programs or material changes to established programs, into this work program.

The AMC sets an accreditation work program each year.

2.5 AMC conduct

The AMC will:

- (i) recognise each education provider's autonomy to set its educational direction and policies in response to its specific environment and context
- (ii) in making decisions, gather and analyse information and ideas from multiple sources and viewpoints
- (iii) follow its documented procedures, and implement its accreditation process in an open and objective manner
- (iv) adopt mechanisms to ensure that members of assessment teams, committees, monitoring submission reviewers and staff apply standards and procedures in a consistent and appropriate fashion
- (v) apply a code of conduct for members of assessment teams, monitoring submission reviewers, committees and staff
- (vi) review its processes and the accreditation standards on a regular basis
- (vii) gather feedback on and evaluate its performance
- (viii) work cooperatively with other accreditation authorities to avoid conflicting standards, and to minimise duplication of effort.

The AMC process entails both accreditation (validating that standards are met) and peer review to promote high standards of medical education, stimulate self-analysis and assist the education provider to achieve its objectives. Accreditation is conducted in a collegial manner that includes consultation, advice and feedback to the education provider under review.

In the accreditation of programs, the AMC:

- focuses on the achievement of objectives, maintenance of educational standards, public safety requirements, and expected outputs and outcomes rather than on detailed specification of curriculum content or educational method
- as far as possible, meshes its requirements with internal academic priorities
- following accreditation of a program of study, monitors the implementation of recommendations and other developments in the program
- undertakes a cycle of assessments, with a full assessment of each program at least every ten years.

2.6 Contribution of students to AMC accreditation processes

The AMC considers it important that those completing programs of study, the medical students, have opportunities to contribute to its assessment processes.

Opportunities for students to contribute to the accreditation process include:

- input into the AMC's development and review of the accreditation standards, policy and procedures
- membership of the AMC accreditation committees
- membership of AMC assessment teams.

Opportunities for students to contribute to the assessment of their own program of study include:

- development of a student submission
- during an accreditation assessment, discussion with members of the AMC assessment team
- contribution to a student submission to the education provider's monitoring submissions to the AMC.

2.7 Conflict of interest

Members of AMC committees are expected to make decisions responsibly, and to apply standards in a consistent and an impartial fashion.

The AMC recognises that there is extensive interaction between the organisations that provide medical education and training in Australia and New Zealand so that individuals are frequently involved with a number of programs. The AMC does not regard this, of itself, to be a conflict. Where a member of an AMC accreditation committee or an assessment team has given recent informal advice to an education provider on its program of study outside the AMC accreditation process, that member must declare this as an interest.

The AMC requires its Directors and members of its committees to complete standing notices of interest on their appointment and to update these regularly. These declarations are available at each meeting of the committee. The agendas for AMC committee meetings begin with a 'declaration of interests', in which members are requested to declare any additional personal or professional interests which might, or might be perceived to, influence their capacity to undertake impartially their roles as members of the committee.

The committee will decide how the member's interest in a particular item will be managed, within guidelines provided by the AMC. Members will not vote on matters on which they have a declared personal or professional interest. All declared interests will be recorded in the committee minutes, as will the committee's decision in relation to the interest.

The AMC requires proposed members of assessment teams to declare to the Medical School Accreditation Committee any relevant personal or professional interest that may be perceived to conflict with their ability to undertake impartially their duties as an assessor. The AMC will disclose all declared interests of the recommended team members to the education provider and seek the education provider's comments on the team membership. Having considered the interests declared and the provider's comments, the accreditation committee makes a decision on the appointment of the team.

Where the education provider's view on the suitability of an appointment conflicts with the view of the accreditation committee, the committee will refer the appointment of the team to the AMC Directors for decision.

If a conflict of interest emerges for an assessor during an assessment, the team chair and executive officer will determine an appropriate course of action. This may entail changing the report writing responsibilities of the assessor, requiring the assessor to abstain during relevant discussion, or altering the assessment program. Any such conflicts, and the course of action taken, will be reported to the Medical School Accreditation Committee.

2.8 Confidentiality

In order to discharge its accreditation function, the AMC requires education providers to provide considerable information in accreditation submissions and in subsequent monitoring submissions. This may include sensitive information, such as staff plans, budgets, honest appraisal of strengths and weaknesses and commercial in confidence material.

The AMC requires the members of its committees and assessment teams to keep as confidential the material provided by education providers and, subject to the statements below on research, to use such information only for the purpose for which it was obtained in conjunction with the AMC assessment process.

The AMC provides detailed guidance to committee and team members on its confidentiality requirements and their responsibilities for secure destruction of information once an assessment is complete.

The AMC may conduct research based on information contained in accreditation submissions, monitoring submissions, surveys and stakeholder submissions. The results of this research may be published in AMC policy and discussion papers. Normally, this material will be de-identified. If the AMC wishes to publish material which identifies individual programs it will seek the education providers' permission.

The AMC provides opportunities for education providers to review drafts of the AMC accreditation report at two stages in the assessment process. At these points, the drafts are confidential to the AMC and the education provider. The education provider should not discuss the draft accreditation report with third parties without the AMC's consent. If the AMC needs to confirm material in a draft accreditation report with a third party, it will advise the education provider of these plans.

2.9 Public material

The AMC places the following material concerning the accreditation status of individual programs of study and their education providers in the public domain:

- The current status and accreditation history of accredited programs and the date of the next accreditation assessment are posted on the AMC website.
- AMC accreditation reports are public documents.

The AMC expects that any public statement made by education providers about their accreditation status will be complete and accurate, and that AMC office contact details will be included in any such public statement. The AMC will correct publicly any incorrect or misleading statements about accreditation actions or accreditation status.

2.10 Complaints

The AMC does not have a role in investigating the complaints of individual students, staff or trainees. It will not intervene on behalf of an individual complainant to address grievances relating to matters such as selection, recognition of prior learning/experience, training post allocation, assessment outcomes, or dismissal from a program. The accreditation standards require education providers accredited by the AMC to have processes for addressing grievances, complaints and appeals, and the AMC reviews these processes when conducting an accreditation assessment.

From time to time, the AMC receives questions and/or complaints about the educational processes of programs and providers it has accredited or is assessing for accreditation. The AMC policy, *Complaints about programs of study, education providers and organisations accredited by the Australian Medical Council* available on the AMC website applies.

The AMC distinguishes between:

 comments or complaints received during the process of conducting an assessment for accreditation. During an assessment, the AMC seeks comment and feedback from a range of people or organisations associated with the program or provider being assessed. Matters which might be characterised as complaints received during an assessment process will be addressed as a part of the assessment.

and

• complaints received outside a formal assessment process, which may be relevant to the AMC's monitoring role (see section 4).

In broad terms, complaints will fall into one or two categories:

- a. A personal complaint which the complainant seeks to have investigated and rectified so as to bring about a change to their personal situation. This would include, for example, matters such as selection, recognition of prior learning/experience, training post allocation, assessment outcomes, or dismissal from training.
- b. A systemic complaint which may evidence some systemic matter that could signify a failure of a program or provider to meet accreditation standards.

The complaints process relates to systemic complaints.

2.11 Fees and charges

The AMC undertakes accreditation assessments on a cost-recovery basis.

AMC policy is to charge individual providers the direct costs of the assessment of their program(s) including the monitoring of accredited programs. A charge applies to any AMC process which may result in a new decision on a program's accreditation. Costs are related to the work of any assessment team or advisory group (including AMC direct staff support for that work), and the work of the AMC accreditation committee.

Fees for medical programs and provider accreditation assessments are as follows:

Stage 1 submission (applies to new programs and providers and material changes to programs and providers): \$10,000

The fee covers all work associated with the review of the Stage 1 submission. Once the education provider is invited to proceed to assessment by an AMC team, the AMC undertakes work on a cost-recovery basis as described below.

Accreditation extension submission: \$7,500

The fee covers the review and consideration of an accreditation extension submission and subsequent accreditation decision.

Accreditation assessment costs: AMC to advise case-by-case

The AMC provides a cost estimate to the education provider at the commencement of the assessment.

The education provider seeking accreditation pays the direct cost of the assessment. Most costs are related to the work of any expert AMC group such an accreditation team including AMC staff. The cost includes a fee of 15% of the total assessment cost to contribute to the costs incurred by the AMC in making the accreditation decision and ongoing monitoring and review of monitoring submissions and reports on accreditation conditions.

Deposit: \$20,000

The education provider is required to pay part of the fee as a deposit when lodging its accreditation submission.

The AMC issues an invoice for the remaining fee when it completes the assessment. Payment is due before the AMC makes the decision on the accreditation.

All fees are GST exclusive.

3. The administration of the assessment process

The AMC has developed standard procedures for assessing education providers and their medical programs against the approved accreditation standards and accrediting those programs that meet the standards.

The AMC and the Medical Council of New Zealand work collaboratively to assess Australian and New Zealand medical education providers and their programs. The accreditation standards apply to assessments of Australian and New Zealand primary medical education programs. These procedures are used for these assessments.

3.1 Types of assessments

The AMC undertakes assessments in the following circumstances:

- assessment of new developments including:
 - o assessment of proposed **new** medical programs
 - assessment of proposals for material change in established providers and programs of study.
- assessment for the purposes of **reaccreditation** of established medical programs and their education providers; and
- where the accreditation committee considers it necessary, as part of the review of an **accreditation extension submission** (see section 4.3).

In cases where conditions on accreditation or reaccreditation require it, the AMC also conducts **follow-up** accreditation assessments. It may conduct a follow-up assessment when an education provider and its programs are found to only substantially meet the accreditation standards, when it has granted an education provider a limited period of accreditation, placed conditions on accreditation, or when it wishes to review plans for later stages of a new program development.

In an AMC accreditation assessment, the AMC appoints an AMC team which reviews the provider's documentation, undertakes a program of meetings and prepares report.

For a new development, the education provider seeking AMC accreditation must first demonstrate that it is ready for this intensive assessment. This entails additional steps *before* the AMC begins its standard process for assessment of the program by an AMC team. These steps are outlined in section 3.2.

Section 3.3 describes the standard process for assessment by an AMC team.

3.2 Assessment of new developments

For new developments, the AMC will first assess if the planned program of study is likely to comply with the approved accreditation standards and if the education provider has demonstrated that it is able to implement the program.

The procedures for this first stage assessment of each type of new development listed in section 3.1 are described below.

3.2.1 First stage assessment of a new medical program

Institutions contemplating the establishment of a primary medical program should conduct independent negotiations with the appropriate state/territory and national

authorities concerning student places and clinical facilities. If a decision is made by the relevant authorities to support the establishment of a new medical program, the AMC undertakes the assessment against the approved accreditation standards.

Institutions require considerable time to design and plan a new medical program and to organise the necessary resources. By advising the AMC early of their intentions, institutions have access to general advice on the accreditation standards, and flexibility in negotiating the timing of the AMC assessment. The AMC expects to receive notification of an institution's intention when planning begins. It would expect this to be at least 24 months in advance of intended program commencement.

Once the institution has notified the AMC of its intention, the AMC will provide a guide for completion of the initial (Stage 1) submission. The AMC judges the institution's readiness for assessment on the basis of this submission. The submission must address the standards and outline the curriculum for the medical program and the resources including clinical teaching resources available to deliver the program. Evidence of support for the program from the relevant state and national authorities must also be provided.

The Medical School Accreditation Committee reviews the submission following the process described in section 3.2.3.

3.2.2 First stage assessment of a material change in an established medical program

Material changes to a program may affect accreditation status. The AMC expects to be informed prospectively of such developments. The regular monitoring submissions required of accredited education providers is one avenue for such advice (see section 4). While plans for material change are evolving, the Medical School Accreditation Committee is able to give general advice as to whether the proposed changes are likely to comply with the accreditation standards. As many of the changes described below will need to be assessed by an AMC team before they are introduced, the AMC requests at least 18 months' notice prior to the intended introduction of the change and longer for a proposed offshore program.

Definition of a material change:

Any of the following might constitute a material change in an accredited program or education provider as a change in the length or format of the program, including the introduction of new distinct streams; a significant change in educational outcomes; a substantial change in educational philosophy, emphasis or institutional setting; and/or a substantial change in student numbers relative to resources. Significant changes resulting from a major reduction in resources leading to an inability to achieve the purpose and/or outcomes of the program are also material changes. While the gradual evolution of a medical program in response to initiatives and review would not be considered a material change, the AMC may regard a number of minor changes in the areas listed as collectively constituting a material change.

Note: In deciding to grant accreditation, the AMC makes a judgment about the adequacy and appropriateness of the total resources available to support the program. For this reason, whilst it does not accredit programs for a specific student intake, the AMC would regard a substantial change in student numbers relative to resources as a material change. The AMC expects accredited education providers will report on any planned or proposed increase in student intake in monitoring submissions.

Note: Offshore provision of an AMC accredited medical program is a material change, as is the disestablishment of an AMC accredited medical program provided offshore.

When it considers the initial advice from an accredited education provider about planned changes, either through a specific notice of intent or through monitoring submissions, the Medical School Accreditation Committee will decide if it is a material change. If it is, the Committee will also decide whether the material change can be assessed for approval within the current accreditation of the program or is of comprehensive impact that would require reaccreditation of the whole program.

The AMC will advise the education provider of the decision.

If the AMC decides to assess the change within the program's current period of accreditation, normally it will conduct a paper-based assessment. The education provider will be required to provide a submission outlining the new program, transitional arrangements for existing students if appropriate, the resources including clinical teaching resources available to deliver the program, and evidence of engagement of stakeholders. The Committee will consider this submission and make a decision on accreditation of the program including any specific monitoring requirements. The AMC will give the education provider written notice of the decision, and its reasons, as well as the procedures available for reconsideration and internal review of the decision within the AMC (see sections 3.3.10 and 3.3.11).

In the event that the AMC decides that the changed program of study must have a separate accreditation, the education provider must first demonstrate, through a Stage 1 assessment, that the planned program of study is likely to comply with the approved accreditation standards and that the education provider is able to implement the program. The Medical School Accreditation Committee reviews the Stage 1 submission following the process described in section 3.2.4. Successful completion of Stage 1 results in an accreditation assessment by an AMC team.

3.2.3 Plans to provide a medical program offshore

The AMC recognises that there are many possible options for offering Australian/New Zealand higher education programs overseas.

It will assess only proposals that:

- fit with the purpose of AMC accreditation, namely producing graduates competent to practise safely and effectively under supervision as interns in Australia and New Zealand, and with an appropriate foundation for lifelong learning and for further training in any branch of medicine, and
- are located in an Australian or New Zealand higher education provider, where the Australian or New Zealand provider has developed the program and has a responsibility for the academic standards, and
- result in the award of a recognised higher education qualification of the Australian or New Zealand higher education provider which may lead to registration to practise medicine in Australia and New Zealand, and
- are essentially the same as the program accredited by the AMC for delivery in Australia or New Zealand, in terms of learning outcomes, curriculum, educational process, and assessment outcomes, and

 include adequate experience in a variety of clinical settings within the Australian or New Zealand health care system so that graduates meet the AMC's Graduate Outcome Statements as outlined in the Standards for Assessment and Accreditation of Primary Medical Programs by the Australian Medical Council.

A separate AMC policy statement² describes the additional requirements for the assessment of such proposals.

Should the AMC decide to assess a proposal to provide a medical program offshore, it assesses the proposal against the AMC accreditation standards. The AMC has prepared specific guidance on the documentation required for an assessment of a proposed offshore program.

3.2.4 AMC decision on first stage assessments of new developments

The Medical School Accreditation Committee completes Stage 1 assessments of new developments based on a review of the applicant's submission.

The AMC will generally assess Stage 1 submissions within four months of their submission. This is subject to the meeting schedule of the Medical School Accreditation Committee. The dates of the meetings of the Committee are available from the AMC.

The Committee may decide:

- (i) to invite the education provider to submit its program for assessment by an AMC team (see section 3.3); or
- (ii) that further development is required and invite the education provider to submit additional information for consideration; or
- (iii) to not assess the program for accreditation. Where it has rejected a Stage 1 submission, the AMC may specify a period of time to elapse before it will consider a new submission.

The AMC will provide a report on the outcome of its consideration of the education provider's Stage 1 submission. Refer to section 3.3.9 Presentation of the Committee's report to the education provider onwards for details regarding the report finalisation and reconsideration/internal review processes.

Should the AMC invite the education provider to proceed to assessment (Stage 2), the AMC and the education provider will set a date for the assessment. The AMC aims to complete the team's assessment six months before the program begins, so that the education provider can demonstrate it has satisfied any conditions that must be met before commencement.

The AMC will ask the education provider to complete an accreditation submission addressing the accreditation standards and providing the outline of the full program of study with details for at least the first two years; details of the resources (including clinical training resources and supervisors) to implement all years of the program and to support the program when fully implemented; and an institutional assessment of strengths and weaknesses in relation to this development.

The education provider may choose to present the detailed curriculum and implementation plans either on the entire new program or in progressive stages. Should

² Primary medical programs provided offshore by Australian and/or New Zealand education providers, 2016.

the education provider present its plans in stages, these plans will require separate follow-up assessments.

AMC staff are able to advise on the date the submission should be lodged, and the format of the submission.

3.3 Assessment by an AMC team

The AMC has developed standard procedures which apply to all assessments conducted by an AMC assessment team. The types of AMC assessment are detailed in section 3.1.

3.3.1 Initial contact

AMC staff write to the education provider concerning the timing of the assessment, the process of assessment, and the documentation required. The staff write to education providers which need reaccreditation approximately 24 months before their accreditation is due to expire. For a follow-up assessment, the staff contact the education provider 12 months in advance of when a visit is required. For institutions seeking accreditation of a new development, the AMC provides customised advice on AMC timings and requirements.

The timing of the assessment is planned in consultation with the academic head of the medical program. Assessments occur during the teaching semester.

The AMC assessment team works through the AMC staff and the office of the academic head of the program provider. All requests for information are made to the academic head of the program and the plans for the accreditation program are finalised in consultation with the academic head or nominee.

3.3.2 Documentation

The AMC provides a guide to assist the education provider in preparing the accreditation submission. This submission is the basis for the assessment of the program of study. The guide outlines the requirement for self-assessment and critical analysis against the accreditation standards. The submission should also describe plans for future development and challenges identified by the provider. It should also provide detailed information on the structure, process and outcomes of the medical education program. The education provider may nominate particular areas for review.

For a follow-up assessment, the AMC asks the education provider to develop an accreditation submission, outlining developments since the most recent assessment, and responding specifically to recommendations and issues identified as requiring attention in the most recent accreditation report. The AMC also provides copies of the education provider's monitoring submissions (see section 4) and relevant correspondence between the AMC and the education provider to the assessment team.

The AMC also invites the medical students' association to make a submission to the AMC assessment team and provides guidance on the submission content. The AMC asks for the student submission after the education provider has lodged its accreditation submission.

The AMC asks the education provider to submit its documentation six months before the on-site assessment. For a follow-up assessment, a shorter timeframe may apply.

3.3.3 Selection of the assessment team

For each assessment, the AMC appoints an assessment team. Assessment teams are appointed by the relevant accreditation committee following a review of the declared interests of proposed team members and an opportunity for the education provider being accredited to comment on the proposed membership.

The size of the team depends on the complexity of the task and the range of skills required. Whilst the expertise of individual team members is of prime importance, the composition of the team provides for a balance of knowledge and experience, including assessors from different regions and providers, the medical science and the clinical disciplines, hospital and community-based teachers, experienced academic managers, health service managers, and community interests. In the case of education providers offering programs of study in New Zealand, the assessment team will include at least one assessor from New Zealand and desirably two appointed after consultation with the Medical Council of New Zealand.

An experienced AMC assessor is appointed as chair of the team. One member of the team is a staff member of the AMC, who is the executive officer. The chair has overall responsibility for the conduct of the assessment. The executive officer provides policy advice, organises the assessment with the education provider, supports and contributes to the team's assessment, collates and edits the team's report, and ensures the assessment process is evaluated.

The AMC maintains a database of potential team members, based on nominations from stakeholder organisations. The AMC includes a mix of new and experienced members on each team.

Teams for follow-up assessments comprise some members of the previous team and some new members.

The AMC produces a detailed guide on the work of the team, *The AMC Accreditation Handbook*, which is given to each team member when their appointment is confirmed. The AMC also provides professional development opportunities for team chairs and assessors.

3.3.4 The team's preliminary meeting

The assessment team holds a preliminary team meeting normally three to four months before the discussions and/or site assessment visit. At this meeting, the team identifies key issues and develops an outline of the accreditation program. The members of the team divide the assessment task into specific responsibilities, depending on their expertise and interests. These responsibilities are directly linked to the contents of the final accreditation report.

The AMC invites representatives of the education provider to the final session of the team's preliminary meeting. This allows discussion of the team's preliminary assessment of the accreditation submission. Following the meeting, AMC staff confirm in writing the team's accreditation program and the request for any additional information.

As appropriate, the team chair and executive officer conduct a one-day preliminary visit to the education provider following the preliminary team meeting to discuss the AMC process.

3.3.5 The AMC team's assessment

An assessment normally occurs over one working week. More time may be required to visit dispersed training sites.

All interviews are conducted with the knowledge of the academic head of the medical program although not necessarily in their presence. This ensures that dissenting views can be expressed freely without being attributed to individuals.

In order to maximise the time available during the assessment and to contain costs, the AMC divides the team into sub-teams for components of the accreditation program.

Maximum opportunities are provided for interactive discussion with the medical education provider's staff and students during the visit.

The assessment team cannot consult all staff who contribute to the medical program during the visit. Members of the team meet heads of departments or disciplines that contribute to the program; clinicians who act as student supervisors and assessors; the curriculum committee; interest groups or committees in medical education and research; representative staff members (with a mix of full-time and part-time staff, and academic staff and staff with clinical academic titles); and recent graduates and students. The team also consults other medical education stakeholders.

The team inspects the physical resources and facilities that support the delivery of the program.

The AMC provides a *Guide to Arranging Site Visits* to assist the education provider to structure the agreed accreditation program.

3.3.6 Preliminary findings

At the end of the team's visit, the assessment team prepares a preliminary statement of its findings that, if sustained, would form the main points and conclusions of its report. It identifies achievements and weaknesses, problem areas requiring attention, and distinctive activities to be encouraged.

The team presents its findings in a written statement which is discussed with key staff of the education provider. The education provider has an opportunity to correct errors of fact and discuss any draft recommendations and action that would need a response. The AMC provides the final statement (revised to correct errors) to the education provider and the team members. This statement is confidential to the education provider and the AMC.

The team makes no announcement concerning accreditation. This is a decision taken by the Medical School Accreditation Committee after considering the team's report.

3.3.7 Preparation of team's draft accreditation report

The team prepares a draft report presenting its findings against the standards. The report also provides feedback to the education provider to improve program quality. The team executive officer coordinates this task.

The aim is to provide the team's draft document to the education provider, usually within five weeks of the conclusion of the visit. More time may be required depending on the complexity of the assessment. The AMC invites the education provider to comment, within

a reasonable timeframe, on the factual accuracy of the draft and on any recommendations, conclusions or judgments in the draft.

The team's draft report will include the team's recommendations to the Medical School Accreditation Committee on proposed conditions on the accreditation. The AMC will provide an opportunity for the education provider to discuss with AMC staff and the team chair the timeframes for meeting any draft conditions.

The team finalises its draft report having considered the education provider's comments.

AMC staff submit the report to the Medical School Accreditation Committee. They also submit comments by the education provider if these raise any significant concerns regarding the recommendations, conclusions or judgements in the draft report. It also provides the report to the Medical Council of New Zealand for consideration through its committee processes.

3.3.8 Consideration of the report and decision on accreditation

The Medical School Accreditation Committee considers the team's draft report. It may seek additional information from the education provider or the team. The Committee decides on the final wording of the report, the accreditation findings, and makes a decision on accreditation.

The AMC and the Medical Council of New Zealand make their individual accreditation decisions. The AMC will determine an accreditation outcome generally in accordance with the possible accreditation outcomes in section 5. The AMC and the Medical Council of New Zealand may consult informally with one another before their final decisions on accreditation are made. However, each makes its final decision in the independent exercise of its own discretion. The Chair of the Medical School Accreditation Committee is available to the Medical Council of New Zealand to discuss any issues concerning the accreditation decision.

3.3.9 Presentation of the Committee's accreditation report to the education provider

The AMC notifies the education provider of the accreditation decision and provides a copy of the report, and accreditation findings to the education provider.

The education provider is given 14 calendar days to respond and may:

- (i) ask that the Committee notifies the Medical Board of Australia and the Medical Council of New Zealand of its decision and provides the accreditation report to them, with or without minor editorial changes; or
- (ii) ask that the Committee considers significant change to the report and/or recommendations through the AMC's formal reconsideration process. (See 3.3.10)

If no issues are identified, the report will be finalised for publication; the Committee's report is a public document.

The AMC will publish the report after the time has passed for seeking formal reconsideration/internal review of the report or after the processes have concluded.

3.3.10 Formal reconsideration of the Committee's report

An education provider may seek formal reconsideration of the Committee's report and/or accreditation findings.

Reconsideration is undertaken by the Medical School Accreditation Committee. The education provider must lodge a request for reconsideration in writing with the secretary of the Committee within 14 calendar days of receiving the Committee's report.

Within 30 days of receiving the Committee's report and accreditation findings, the education provider must identify the areas of concern, and provide a full explanation of the grounds for reconsideration and any additional material considered relevant to the reconsideration.

The Medical School Accreditation Committee will discuss the request for reconsideration either at its next scheduled meeting or by special arrangement. The Committee will determine any process considered necessary to undertake the reconsideration.

The Committee considers the accreditation report and accreditation findings, the material supplied by the education provider, and any additional material and documentation agreed by the Committee. The Committee finalises its report and accreditation findings. The Committee will advise the education provider of its response to the request for reconsideration in writing following its meeting and provide a copy of its report and findings.

The education provider is given 14 calendar days to respond and may:

- (i) ask that the Committee notifies the Medical Board of Australia and the Medical Council of New Zealand of its decision and provides the accreditation report to them, with or without minor editorial changes; or
- (ii) make a request for an internal review of a decision to refuse accreditation/to grant accreditation subject to conditions (see 3.3.11).

3.3.11 Internal review of a decision to refuse accreditation/to grant accreditation subject to conditions

The education provider may seek internal review of the decision to refuse accreditation, in accordance with section 48(4) of the National Law, or of the decision to grant accreditation subject to conditions. Internal review is review based upon all of the material and information available to the Medical School Accreditation Committee at the time it made its decision. (Note internal review does not include consideration of new material or variations to the education provider's submission).

An education provider must make any request for an internal review of a decision identified above in writing to the AMC Chief Executive Officer within 14 calendar days of receiving the outcome of the formal reconsideration process. A fee applies to the internal review process.

Within 30 calendar days of receiving the outcome of the formal reconsideration process, the education provider must provide a detailed explanation of each matter which the education provider claims is in error in the original decision or justifies a different decision, together with any conditions or amended conditions which are proposed by the education provider.

The AMC will establish a review committee comprising members with appropriate qualifications and experience which will meet as required to consider any request for a review of a decision to refuse accreditation/to grant accreditation subject to conditions. The review committee will provide independent advice and will therefore not include any person on the original assessment team, or the Medical School Accreditation Committee.

The review committee will determine the process to be undertaken for the review and will inform the education provider of that process and the timeframe.

The review committee considers the Medical School Accreditation Committee's report and accreditation findings, all submissions by the education provider during the original process and the submission made by the education provider as part of the request for internal review. The review committee may seek further information from the assessment team, the Medical School Accreditation Committee, the education provider or AMC staff.

The review committee may recommend that Directors:

- (i) confirm the decision which is the subject of the review; or
- (ii) revoke the decision and refer it to the Medical School Accreditation Committee for further consideration (either in whole or in part); or
- (iii) revoke the decision and replace it with another decision.

The review committee may also recommend that the Directors waive part or all of the costs associated with the review.

The AMC Directors consider the review committee's recommendation and make its decision on the accreditation. The AMC will notify the education provider, the Medical Board of Australia, and the Medical Council of New Zealand of the decision.

4. AMC monitoring of accredited programs

4.1 Purpose of AMC monitoring

Once it has accredited an education provider and its program of study, the AMC monitors them to ensure that they continue to meet the accreditation standards.

The principal monitoring mechanisms are structured monitoring submissions, accreditation extension submission and the full accreditation assessment every ten years. In addition, the AMC expects that accredited education providers will report at any time on matters that may affect the accreditation status of their program, such as a change to its capacity to meet the accreditation standards, or any change that may meet the definition of a material change to the program (See section 3.2.2).

If at any time the AMC has reason to believe that changes are occurring or planned in the program or provider that may affect the accreditation status of the program or provider, it may seek information from the provider in writing.

4.2 Monitoring submissions

The aim of the monitoring submissions is to enable the AMC to monitor accredited education providers and their programs between formal accreditation assessments as required by the National Law. The reporting requirement is in no way intended to inhibit new initiatives or the gradual evolution of programs of study in response to ongoing review and evaluation by the education provider.

The frequency of reporting relates to the AMC accreditation decision, as recorded in the education provider's most recent AMC accreditation report.

- Education providers granted the full period of accreditation submit monitoring submissions in the first year following their accreditation assessment, then three, five, seven and nine years after the accreditation assessment.
- Education providers granted accreditation of a material change, and new providers and programs submit annual monitoring submissions.

The AMC may require additional submissions from an education provider that has been granted a shorter period of accreditation or that has specific conditions on its accreditation.

In their submission, accredited education providers:

- inform the AMC of significant developments, completed or planned, in any area covered by the accreditation standards, and respond to any AMC recommendations for improvement or monitoring items
- respond to conditions on their accreditation
- provide program enrolment, progression and completion data.

AMC staff provide each education provider with a standard outline for the monitoring submission at least four months before the submission is due.

4.2.1 Consideration of monitoring submissions

When the monitoring submission is submitted, AMC staff seek a commentary on the submission from a reviewer who is an experienced AMC assessor. The AMC provides guidance to reviewers on the commentary required.

The monitoring submission and the commentary, together with a summary of the AMC's response to the provider's previous monitoring submissions are then considered through AMC committee processes.

4.2.2 Decision on monitoring submissions

The Medical School Accreditation Committee will determine whether:

- (i) the submission indicates that the program and provider continue to meet the accreditation standards including if accreditation conditions have been satisfied in the time period set by the AMC, or
- (ii) further information is necessary to make a decision, or
- (iii) the provider and program may be at risk of not satisfying the accreditation standards.

If the submission is considered satisfactory, the education provider is advised. The AMC provides details of any matter to be addressed in the next monitoring submission or in supplementary information, and any conditions or recommendations which have been satisfied and do not need to be addressed again.

If the Committee needs more information to make a decision, it advises the education provider of the relevant accreditation standards, the information required and a date for submission. The Committee may decide that a meeting with representatives of the education provider is necessary to discuss the AMC's requirements.

If the Committee considers that the education provider may be at risk of not satisfying the accreditation standards, then it invokes the *AMC Unsatisfactory Progress Procedures* (see section 4.4).

If the Committee's consideration of a monitoring submission results in a recommendation to change the accreditation status of a program and its provider, or identifies material changes to the accredited program or provider, the Committee will advise the provider and outline the procedures the AMC will follow.

The AMC will report any changes to the accreditation status of programs and providers to the Medical Board of Australia.

4.3 Accreditation extension submission

Each AMC accreditation report indicates the year in which the accreditation of the education provider and its programs of study will expire. The accreditation report will also indicate if the education provider is able to seek extension of the accreditation before the next reaccreditation assessment by an AMC team. The AMC considers requests for extension via an accreditation extension submission.

In the accreditation extension submission, the education provider is expected to provide evidence that it continues to meet the accreditation standards, and that it has maintained its standards of education and of resources. The submission also provides an appraisal of

the developments since accreditation, and information on plans leading up to the next AMC reaccreditation.

The Medical School Accreditation Committee may decide that review of the accreditation extension submission should entail discussions with the education provider or an assessment by an AMC team.

If, on the basis of the submission, the Medical School Accreditation Committee decides that the education provider and the medical program are continuing to satisfy the accreditation standards, it may extend the accreditation of the program. The period of extension possible is usually a period of three to four years, taking the accreditation to the full period which the AMC will grant between assessments, which is ten years. At the end of this extension, the education provider and its programs undergo a reaccreditation assessment.

The AMC will provide a report on the outcome of its consideration of the education provider's extension of accreditation submission. Refer to section 3.3.9 Presentation of the Committee's report to the education provider onwards for details regarding the report finalisation and reconsideration/internal review processes.

4.4 Unsatisfactory progress procedures

The procedures described below relate to circumstances where the AMC, on the basis of monitoring submissions or other material, considers the education provider and its program may no longer meet the accreditation standards or may have difficulty meeting the standards in the future.

The AMC will investigate the concerns following the process outlined below. If this investigation leads the AMC reasonably to believe the program and the education provider no longer meet the accreditation standards, the AMC will either impose conditions on the accreditation or revoke the accreditation.

The AMC will inform the education provider of its concerns and the grounds on which they are based and invite the education provider to respond. The AMC will inform the Medical Council of New Zealand, the Medical Board of Australia, and the relevant health authorities of its concerns and the grounds on which they are based, and the process to be implemented.

A team comprising the chair of the Medical School Accreditation Committee or nominee, one member of the original assessment team and an AMC staff member will normally investigate the concerns. Additional members with specific expertise may be appointed depending on the conditions set.

The team's discussions with the education provider will focus on actions necessary to meet the accreditation standards in a defined period of time. The team may ask the education provider to arrange meetings with other relevant bodies as part of their discussions.

The team reports to the Medical School Accreditation Committee, which may decide:

- that the concerns are being addressed. In this case, the AMC will grant ongoing accreditation for a defined period subject to satisfactory monitoring submissions; or
- (ii) that the concerns can be addressed by imposing conditions on the accreditation. In this case, the AMC will grant ongoing accreditation for a defined period subject to

- satisfactory monitoring submissions, and to the conditions being met within this period, or
- (iii) that the concerns are not being addressed and/or are unlikely to be addressed within a reasonable timeframe and the education provider and its program do not satisfy the accreditation standards. In this case the AMC will revoke the accreditation.

The AMC will provide a report on the outcome of its consideration of the education provider's progress. Refer to section *3.3.9 Presentation of the Committee's report to the education provider* onwards for details regarding the report finalisation and reconsideration/internal review processes.

The same processes as are outlined above for consultation with the education provider, formal reporting and review of reports will apply in relation to these unsatisfactory progress procedures.

The AMC advises the education provider, the Medical Board of Australia and the Medical Council of New Zealand of its decision.

5. Accreditation outcomes

The range of options available to the AMC in granting accreditation is set out below. There are different options available for the reaccreditation of established programs, accreditation of new programs and providers, and material changes in established programs.

The AMC may grant accreditation with or without conditions. Where it imposes conditions, the provider's continuing accreditation is subject to it satisfying the conditions.

The AMC may accredit a program if it is reasonably satisfied that the program of study and the education provider meet the accreditation standards. The AMC may also grant accreditation if the program of study and the education provider *substantially* meet the accreditation standards, and imposing accreditation conditions will lead to the program meeting the standards within a reasonable time.

Each education provider and its programs undergo an accreditation assessment by an AMC team at least every ten years. Following an accreditation assessment, the AMC grants accreditation for a maximum period of six years. The AMC may make a new accreditation decision, to extend the accreditation up to ten years on the basis of a written accreditation extension submission in the year the accreditation expires. At the end of the ten-year period, the education provider and its programs undergo a reaccreditation assessment.

5.1 Reaccreditation of education providers and programs of study

The accreditation options are:

- (i) Accreditation for a period of six years subject to satisfactory monitoring submissions. Accreditation may also be subject to certain conditions being addressed within a specified period and to satisfactory monitoring submissions (see section 4). In the year the accreditation ends, the education provider will submit an accreditation extension submission. Subject to a satisfactory accreditation report, the AMC may grant a further period of accreditation, up to a maximum of four years, before a new accreditation review.
- (ii) Accreditation for shorter periods of time. If significant deficiencies are identified or there is insufficient information to determine that the program satisfies the accreditation standards, the AMC may grant accreditation with conditions and for a period of less than six years. At the conclusion of this period, or sooner if the education provider requests, the AMC will conduct a follow-up review. The provider may request either:
 - a full accreditation assessment, with a view to granting accreditation for a further period of six years; or
 - a more limited review, concentrating on the areas where deficiencies were identified, with a view to extending the current accreditation to the maximum period (six years since the original accreditation assessment). Should the accreditation be extended to six years, in the year before the accreditation ends, the education provider will be required to submit an accreditation extension submission. Subject to a satisfactory accreditation report, the AMC may grant a further period of accreditation, up to the maximum possible period, before a new accreditation assessment.

(iii) Accreditation may be revoked where the education provider has not satisfied the AMC that the complete program is or can be implemented and delivered at a level consistent with the accreditation standards. The AMC would take such action after detailed consideration of the impact on the healthcare system and on individuals of withdrawal of accreditation and of other avenues for correcting deficiencies.

If the AMC revokes accreditation, it will give the education provider written notice of the decision and its reasons; as well as the procedures available for reconsideration and internal review of the decision within the AMC. (See 3.3.10 and 3.3.11)

An organisation that has its accreditation revoked may re-apply for accreditation. It must first satisfy the AMC that it has the capacity to deliver a program of study that meets the accreditation standards by completing a Stage 1 accreditation submission.

5.2 Accreditation of new education providers and/or programs

The accreditation options are:

- (i) Accreditation for a period up to one year after the full program has been implemented, subject to conditions being addressed within a specific period and depending on satisfactory annual monitoring submissions. The conditions may include a requirement for follow-up assessments to review progress in implementing the program. In the year the accreditation ends, the education provider will submit an accreditation extension submission. Subject to a satisfactory accreditation report, the AMC may grant a further period of accreditation, up to the maximum possible period, before a new accreditation assessment.
- (ii) Accreditation will be refused where the education provider has not satisfied the AMC that it can implement and deliver the program of study at a level consistent with accreditation standards. The AMC will give the education provider written notice of the decision and its reasons, as well as the procedures available for reconsideration and internal review of the decision within the AMC (See 3.3.10 and 3.3.11).

Where the AMC refuses accreditation, the institution may re-apply for accreditation. It must first satisfy the AMC that it has the capacity to address the AMC's concerns by completing a Stage 1 accreditation submission.

5.3 Accreditation of material changes to established programs of study

The accreditation options are:

(i) Accreditation for a period up to one year after the full new program has been implemented depending on satisfactory annual monitoring submissions. In the year the accreditation ends, the education provider will submit an accreditation extension submission. Subject to a satisfactory accreditation report, the AMC may grant a further period of accreditation, up to the maximum possible period, before a new accreditation assessment.

Accreditation may be subject to the education provider addressing certain conditions within a specified period. The conditions may include a requirement for follow-up assessments to review progress in implementing the program.

(ii) Accreditation of the new program will be refused where the education provider has not satisfied the AMC that it can implement and deliver the complete medical program at a level consistent with the accreditation standards. The AMC will give the education provider written notice of the decision and its reasons, as well as the procedures available for reconsideration and internal review of the decision within the AMC (See 3.3.10 and 3.3.11).

Where the AMC refuses accreditation of a material change, the education provider may re-apply for accreditation of the change. It must first satisfy the AMC that it has the capacity to address the AMC's concerns about the proposed change by completing a Stage 1 accreditation submission.

5.4 Procedures following the accreditation decision

After it has made its accreditation decision, the AMC provides an accreditation report to the Medical Board of Australia. Under the National Law the Board may approve, or refuse to approve, the accredited program of study as providing a qualification for the purposes of registration in the medical profession.

Having made a decision on accreditation of an education provider and its programs, the AMC keeps itself apprised of developments in the accredited program through regular monitoring submissions. This process is explained in section 4.2 to 4.3.

The AMC has a separate series of procedures that relate to circumstances where the Medical School Accreditation Committee considers, on the basis of monitoring submissions or other material available to it, that the education provider's progress against its accreditation conditions is unsatisfactory and/or that the education provider may not satisfy one or more accreditation standards. These procedures are outlined in section 4.4.

6. Review of AMC accreditation standards and procedures

The process for reviewing AMC accreditation standards and procedures provides opportunities both for contribution by stakeholders and for the AMC to build on the experience of its accreditation committees.

AMC staff and the relevant accreditation committee review the accreditation standards and procedures after each assessment by an AMC team, using feedback from the team and the education provider.

- Following each assessment, the relevant accreditation committee receives a report from AMC staff on any questions concerning the interpretation of accreditation standards and feedback from the assessment team chair on the assessment process.
- AMC staff make minor procedural changes agreed to as part of this review and report to the accreditation committee on their implementation.
- The committee may recommend to Directors changes to explanatory notes accompanying the standards.
- Should the committee decide that a standard or standards require clarification or new standards are required, it may recommend a review by an AMC working party, following the process described below.
- Should the committee identify the need for a change to the published procedures, it may recommend a review, following the process described below.

The AMC reviews the full set of accreditation standards at least every five years. It reviews the accreditation procedures in full at least every five years. In reviewing its accreditation standards, the AMC takes account of the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency *Procedures for Development of Accreditation Standards.*

The review of accreditation standards and/or procedures is completed by AMC working parties established for the purpose. The review process is as follows:

- The accreditation committee discusses the standards and/or procedures, and presents to the AMC Directors the plan for the review, outlining the proposed scope and timeframe.
- If the AMC is planning to review the standards, it advises the Medical Board of Australia. It places information on the review and consultation processes on its website.
- A working party is established, with an experienced AMC assessor as chair. The working party includes nominees of key stakeholder bodies. Among other things, the working party consults stakeholders; reviews relevant national and international reports and policies; reviews AMC accreditation reports and committee reports; and drafts proposals for change to the standards and procedures, and prepares a summary of stakeholder responses to them.
- The accreditation committee considers and submits the changes to AMC Directors.
- As required under the National Law, the AMC Directors submit changes to the accreditation standards and new standards to the Medical Board of Australia for approval.